

Some businessmen's idea of proving themselves executives is neglecting details—a mistake often discovered too late.—T. H. Rosen.

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

SPORTS, CLASSIFIED AND SHIPPING SECTION

HONOLULU, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1917.

SEVEN

SIR ERNEST SHACKLETON, RENOWNED ANTARCTIC EXPLORER, ARRIVES UNHERALDED ON S. S. SIERRA

Survivor of Many Perils in Snow and Icebound South Polar Regions is Now On Way to Meet New Perils in Blood-stained Europe and Issues Heartfelt Call For Patriotic Service to One's Country

Announcement was made this morning by Secretary Raymond C. Brown of the Chamber of Commerce that Sir Ernest H. Shackleton would speak at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the Young men's club under the auspices of the chamber.

Coming into Honolulu unheralded, Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, one of the greatest explorers and an international hero, arrived on the Oceanic liner Sierra this morning. He is on his way to fight for the Allies. Of 53 survivors of his antarctic expedition 32 or 33 are fighting already on the French front or are on their way there.

"It's a way I have," he remarked when seen by a Star-Bulletin reporter on board the steamer after it had docked. "I do not like to let a lot of people know I'm coming." He explained he had cabled to General Agent Cockcroft in San Francisco that he would leave on the next Oceanic boat. The censor would not allow him to mention the name of the steamer so it was believed he was coming by the Sonoma, when he meant the Sierra. As he was not on the Sonoma no one was on hand to welcome the great explorer when he arrived this morning. Had it been known he would have been greeted with the honor due him.

Shackleton told a graphic story of his experiences in the antarctic and other details obtained from his secretary, H. Nims, who is a survivor of the expedition, make one of the greatest epics of modern exploration annals.

Will Deliver Few Lectures

"I am now on my way home to fight for the Allies," said Shackleton. "I shall stop to lecture in only five or six cities of the United States, San Francisco, Chicago, New York, Philadelphia and one or two others. I always feel at home in the United States; many of my best friends are there."

The famous explorer said he could not comment on the imminency of war between the United States and Germany as he was not sufficiently informed on the status of the international situation.

Two days before Shackleton sailed from Sydney he addressed the greatest recruiting meeting ever held in the Australian city; a meeting attended by 10,000 people. In the course of his

address he made one statement strikingly pertinent to the crisis the United States faces today when he said: Expresses Burning Sentiment

"I speak to you men as one who has carried the King's flag in the white warfare of the Antarctic and who is going now to serve in the red warfare of Europe. I say to you that this call means more than duty, more than sacrifice, more than glory, it is the supreme opportunity offered every man of our race to justify himself before his own soul."

"Love of ease, love of money, love of woman, love of life—all these are small things in the scale against your own manhood."

Antarctic Survivors at Front

Speaking of the part the survivors of his expedition are now playing in the Allies' fight, Shackleton said this morning:

"I have 20 of my expedition at the front; mostly at the French front, but some on the sea. One was killed during his first day in the trenches. Ten more are on their way to the front now. Out of my 53 survivors there will be 23 or 24 fighting for our cause."

Is Now Writing Book

Sir Ernest Shackleton is now writing the complete story of his expedition which will be published by Macmillan's (New York) in two volumes this fall. He now has it well along and hopes to add many more chapters before he reaches San Francisco.

At his lectures on the mainland the great explorer will show stereoscopic views of the expedition. Motion pictures taken during the entire time will be shown beginning next fall, he said. Shackleton has on board the Sierra wonderful photographs showing the tremendous bergs which crushed the Endurance, and the ship as she was breaking up in the grip of the ice.

They tell a heart-rending story of the privations and hardships endured by him and his men. Tell of Scientific Results

"The scientific results of the expedition," he said today, "are in the main these:

"The discovery of 200 miles of new coast line on the Weddell Sea side.

"The elimination of New South Greenland (Morrell Land). Where Morrell claimed solid land existed, we drifted across in 1900 fathoms of water.

"A complete magnetic and hydrographic survey which we made of Weddell Sea."

OAHU POLO ASSOCIATION BYLAWS MAY BE MODEL FAIR ASSOCIATION

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence) WAILUKU, Maui, April 1.—When the general meeting of citizens interested in the formation of a permanent county fair association is held on Thursday, April 5, it will have before it to act upon a set of very carefully drafted constitution and bylaws. Much time and thought has been expended upon these rules, and it is believed that they will be adopted and adopted without material modification.

The committee of ten appointed at the meeting held on the 23d, has held no less than three fully attended meetings since that time. On Wednesday a few changes were made in the constitution and bylaws, but all were of a minor nature.

The plan of organization is said to follow out quite closely that of the Oahu Polo and Racing Association. The name suggested is "The Maui County Fair and Racing Association."

It contemplates the inclusion of the present racing association, the racing end being henceforth handled through a standing committee.

The affairs of the organization will be handled by a board of nine directors. This board will correspond to the executive committee which handled the first fair. It will have the appointment of the various committees which will work under its supervision. It will select its own officers to serve from year to year. It will also have a board of trustees to which will be entrusted any property of the association.

Membership Easy
The plan is to have members elected to membership and an initiation fee of \$10 for men and \$5 for women established. The only dues will be a fee of \$1 per year. As soon as the association is organized it is the plan to institute a vigorous canvass for members, the idea being to get just as many persons interested in the county fair and the welfare of Maui in the organization as possible. All members are to have equal voice in voting.

in and enlarging the grounds which will take considerable time. Plans must also be undertaken at once for holding the annual race meet which has been a feature of Maui for about 30 years. In merging itself with the fair association, the racing association does so with the understanding that these races be perpetuated. It is usual to hold the races on the Fourth of July, and although after this year they will of course be held at whatever time the fair is held, it is probable that this year they will take place on July 4th as usual.

The committee which has been working on the constitution and bylaws consists of E. R. Boyne, chairman; D. H. Case, F. B. Cameron, F. F. Baldwin, William Walsh, W. A. Baldwin, F. G. Krauss, W. F. Pogue, R. A. Wadsworth and C. D. Lufkin.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION WILL CONVENE TOMORROW

The convention of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association will be held tomorrow, Thursday and Friday. The following is the program:

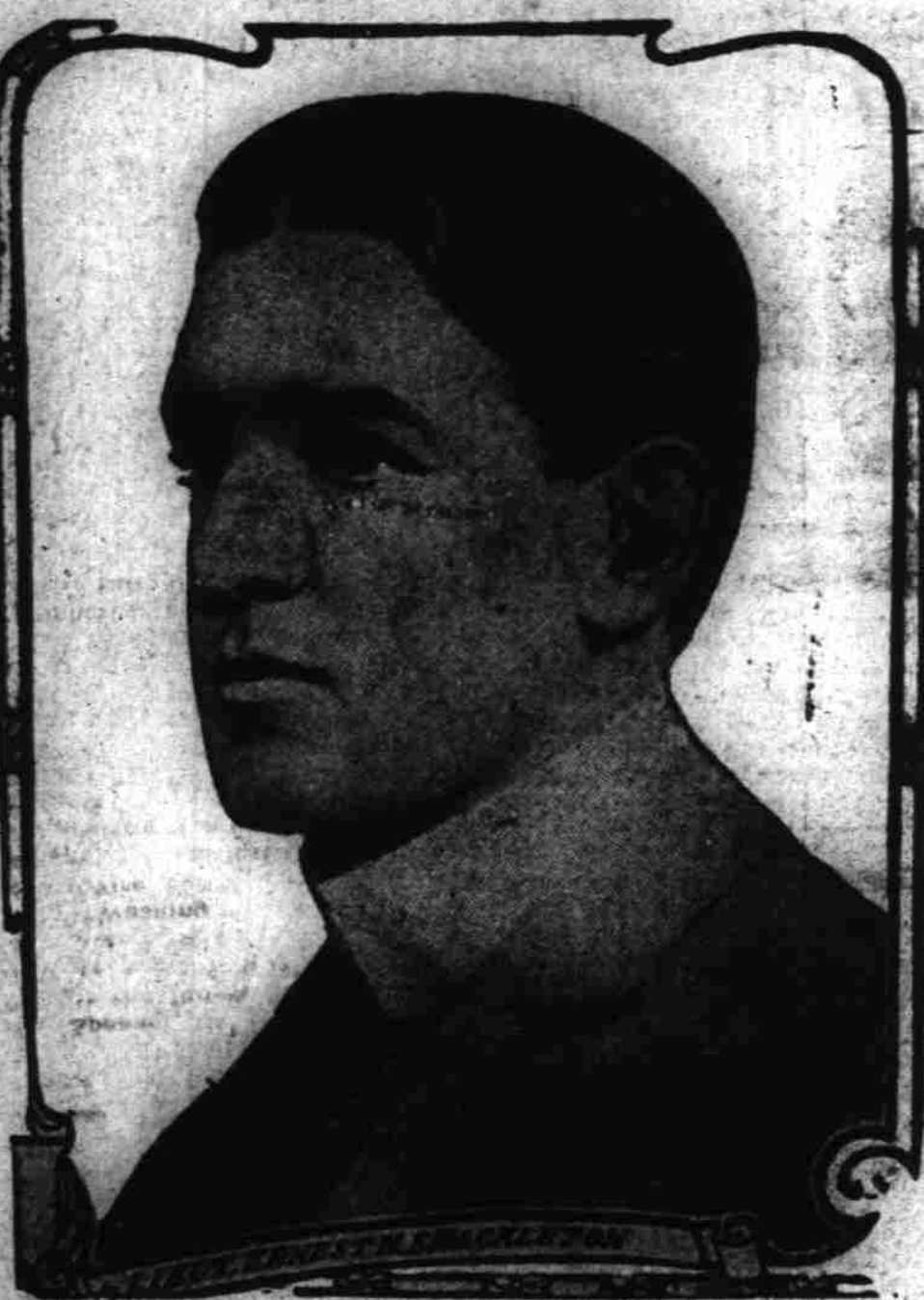
Wednesday, April 4, 6:30 a. m. C. E. Sunrise prayer meeting. Topic—The Invisible Made Real, 2 Cor. 4:17, 18; 5:1-9. Leaders, Rev. H. K. Poepeo and Mr. Kauk. 9:30 a. m. Sunday prayer meeting; 1 to 3 p. m. Sunday school business meeting. 3 to 5 p. m. C. E. business meeting. 7:30 p. m. C. E. evangelistic meeting. Revs. Erdman and Akana.

Thursday, April 5, 6:30 a. m. C. E. sunrise prayer meeting. Topic—Christ enthroned, Eph. 1:17-23. 9 to 12 m. churches' business meeting. 1 to 3 p. m. Sunday school business meeting. 3 to 5 p. m. C. E. business meeting. 7:30 p. m. evangelistic meeting. Rev. S. L. Desha.

Friday, April 6, 6:30 a. m. C. E. sunrise prayer meeting. Topic—A Day of Reckoning, 2 Cor. 5:10-21. 9 to 12 m. churches' business meeting. 1 to 3 p. m. C. E. business meeting. 3 to 5 p. m. Sunday school business meeting. 7:30 p. m. C. E. rally. Address by Miss Huntington.

Directors of the reorganized International Mercantile Marine company declared an initial dividend of 3 per cent on the preferred stock.

GREAT POLAR EXPLORER IS CALLER AT HONOLULU



19 SURVIVORS OF AZTEC; ONLY SMALL HOPE FOR THE FIVE HAWAIIAN SAILORS

(Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—A despatch to the state department from Ambassador Sharp at Paris says that 19 survivors of the torpedoed American steamer Aztec have been landed at Brest. Twenty-eight are still missing and their rescue is doubtful on account of the storms and heavy seas now running.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Five Hawaiians were among the 16 Americans believed to have been drowned when the American armed steamer Aztec, Captain Walter O'Brien, was sunk by a German submarine without warning off the coast of France last Sunday night. Among the other Americans feared for are some of the bluejackets of the naval guard which Uncle Sam had placed upon the steamer when she left New York for Brest, last month.

These are the first American naval sailors to fall victims of the Prussian pirates, and their murder without warning and without a chance to escape from the fate the sea-sneak had in store for them, is held to add yet another to the overt acts which Germany has been guilty of since the first violation of her pledge to the United States, by beginning unrestricted submarine warfare.

The names of the Hawaiians believed to have been drowned are: Julian R. Macomber, Honolulu. Charles Pinapolo, Honolulu. Ekila Kooki, Hawaii. Taro Davis, Hawaii. H. K. Fries, Hawaii.

The naval guard was in command of Lieut. William Fuller Grisham. With 12 men he was assigned to the second of the life boats that left the steamer after she was torpedoed, according to despatches from the French admiralty to the French embassy here, and was among those saved. But 11 of his men, who were ordered to another life boat, have not been heard from and it is believed they were drowned in the tremendous sea that was running when the submarine struck. These men were in the first of the life boats to leave the Aztec. The boat was capsized shortly after leaving the side of the steamer, and none of the men in her were recovered.

The third boat, with the second officer and 18 members of the ship's crew, is also missing and it is believed that they also are drowned.

FIND OPIUM IN POI SHOP RAID

About \$1500 worth of opium and a large assortment of smokers' accessories including pipes, lamps, empty tins and so forth, were confiscated when United States Customs Inspectors McNicoll, Coakett, Miller and Oliveira raided a Chinese poi shop at 1292 Nuuanu avenue about 10 o'clock Monday morning and arrested the shopkeeper, Ldm Wal. Following his arrest Lum Wal was released by United States Commissioner George E. Curry under a \$1000 bond to appear for a hearing at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Y. M. CLASSES OPEN TONIGHT

Practical courses in business English, commercial arithmetic, algebra, advanced shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, penmanship, spelling and draughting. Special term rates.—Adv.

"Poets Are Born, Not Paid," will be the title of an address which John Howell will deliver in the Library of Hawaii tonight under auspices of the Hawaiian Historical Association. There will be no charge of admission and the public generally is cordially invited.

How can you expect your sales to reach their highest water-mark if you seldom inform people regarding the particulars of your stock? People will not have to be mind-readers if you use the advertising columns of the Star-Bulletin.

—THE AD MAN.

WITNESS SAYS HE IS ONLY "MASTER" AS YET

"I'm not married yet so my name is 'Master,'" said a witness on the stand in police court Monday morning testifying in the case of Alfred Costa, an employee at the polo stables, Waikiki, who was fined \$10 and costs for assaulting another and smaller employee, Joe Saloda, March 28.

"I guess we will call you 'Master,'" Judge Monsarrat remarked. "You look old enough to me to carry that title."

Witnesses testified that Costa beat Saloda and after being discharged for the offense came back with a gang of friends Saturday night, decaying two of Saloda's friends out to the machine by yelling for help and professing an accident where they set upon the two and beat them up.

WILSON IN BURNING WORDS CALLS CONGRESS TO DECLARE STATE OF WAR

(Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless) WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—"To this address you are an oppressive, distressing duty."

"For this nation there may be many months of fiery trial and heavy sacrifice ahead. But right is more powerful than peace and in entering this conflict we fight for those things that have been always nearest to our hearts, for democracy, for the right that those who submit to authority shall have a voice in their government, that the rights of small nations to exist and exercise dominion within their own boundaries be universally recognized and that the world itself may at last be made free."

To such a task we dedicate our lives, our fortunes, everything we are and everything we have, with the pride of those who know the day has come when America is privileged to shed her blood and spend her might for the principles that gave her birth and brought her happiness and peace.

"God helping her, she can do no other."

PRESIDENT USES LIVING WORDS

With these words President Wilson closed a magnificent and stirring address to Congress in joint session last night, in which he called upon the representatives of the people of the United States to declare war upon the government of Germany because of its inhuman methods of warfare and its continued acts of war upon the citizens of the United States.

The President made it plain that war against the German people is not desired and that towards the people of Germany, whether at home or abroad, the people of the United States feel no enmity.

AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR IS BARRED

He called for a suspension of judgment as regards Austria-Hungary to wait the actions of that Power, in the meanwhile announcing that he would refuse to receive the new Austrian ambassador, Count von Tarnow.

After reciting the restraint exercised by the United States in the face of repeated outrages by the commanders of German submarines, and in the face of the repeated violations of their pledges by the German government, the President said:

"The new policy of submarine warfare announced by the German government and carried out through the past several weeks has swept aside every restriction of civilized warfare and every right of the neutral states. Vessels of every kind and of every flag are being sent to the bottom, without warning and without thought of rendering help to the members of the crews or of showing the least mercy to defenseless noncombatants."

"The present submarine warfare against ships of commerce is a warfare against mankind. The indiscriminate destruction of lives and property is a challenge to all mankind."

"There is one choice which we are incapable of making. We cannot choose the path of submission nor suffer the sacred rights of this nation and of this people to be ignored and violated."

"I advise that you take immediate steps not only to put this country into a more thorough state of defense, but that you exert all the power of this nation and employ all its resources to bring the German Empire to terms and to bring this war to an end."

WILL COOPERATE WITH THE ENTENTE

"To bring the war to a speedy end involves the utmost practical cooperation between this government and the governments of the Entente Powers, incidental to which must be an extension of the most liberal financial credits to those governments."

"This involves the organization of and mobilization of all the material resources of the country towards the supplying of materials of war and the solving of our needs."

"This involves the full equipping of our navy in all respects, particularly with those vessels and weapons dealing with the destruction of or capture of submarines; it involves the immediate addition to the armed forces of the United States and the plans of the general staff for an army of 500,000 should, in my opinion, be chosen and acted upon."

URGES UNIVERSAL MILITARY SERVICE
"The principle of the universal liability of all youths for military service should be incorporated into law, and as a subsequent step there must be legislation in addition to enforce some well conceived taxation plan."

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"So far as possible we must keep open the channels whereby supplies may be furnished to the armies and the people of the Entente."

"Our object now is as it formerly was, to vindicate the principles of peace and justice and preserve the life of the world against a selfish autocracy, a power set up amongst the really free and the self-governed."

"We must act in concert with such other free peoples in purpose and action henceforth as to ensure the observance of the principles of freedom and justice."

"Neutrality is no longer feasible nor desirable where the peace of the world is involved and the freedom of its peoples is at stake. Today Germany stands as a menace to the world's peace, while freedom lies at the mercy of and depends for its continued existence upon the dictation of autocratic governments backed by organized force."

"We have no quarrel with the German people. We have no feeling towards them but sympathy and friendship, but with Prussian autocracy we can never be friends. The autocracy filled our community with spies and set on foot many criminal intrigues. It is most evident that the spies dispatched to these shores were sent only to prepare for war with us."

"We are now about to accept the gage of battle with the natural foe of liberty and we shall, if necessary, spend the whole force of this nation to nullify the pretension and the power of that foe."

"We are glad thus to fight for the ultimate peace of the world and for the liberation of its peoples, the Germans included. We accept this challenge to combat for the rights of all nations, great and small, for the privilege that men everywhere shall choose their own way and be masters of their own lives."

"The world must be made safe for democracy and peace must be planted on the trusted foundations of political liberty."

"We have no selfish ends to serve. We have no desire for conquest, nor dominions nor indemnities. We will be satisfied when the rights of mankind are as secure as the faith and freedom of the nations can make them."

WILL FIGHT WITH CLEAN HANDS
"We will conduct our operations as a belligerent without passion and we will observe with proud punctilio the principles of right and of fair play."

"Austria-Hungary, having avowed her unqualified indorsement of the reckless, lawless submarine warfare of Germany, it is therefore impossible for the government of the United States to receive Count von Tarnowski as an ambassador, and I take the liberty of suggesting that you postpone your decision as to our relation with Vienna."

"We shall have our opportunity to prove our friendship towards the German people in our daily attitude toward the millions of persons of German birth and native sympathy who live amongst us. Most of them are as true and loyal Americans as though they had known no other fealty and owed no other allegiance. They have already been prompt to rebuke and restrain those few among them of different mind and purpose to their own."

The president concluded with the peroration quoted above.

UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING IS LIKELY TO SECURE INDORSEMENT

Universal military training in the United States came before the house of representatives Monday in a concurrent resolution introduced by Speaker H. L. Holtz.

The resolution provides that the house and senate agree to the principles of that portion of the "Chamberlain Bill," relating to universal military training.

Speaker Holtz explained that the measure is similar to one which passed the house two years ago but was killed in the senate. He added he believed the senators now favored such a measure.

Representative Kupieba said that the Democrats, while they undoubtedly would favor such a measure, were not in favor of compulsory military training.

TIRES GO HIGHER

P. M. Smoot, president of Smoot & Steinhauser, received a wireless this morning from the Firestone Tire Company notifying the local dealers that the price of Firestone tires had been increased 10 per cent. Similar advances have been made by other tire concerns.

RECORD STORE OF GOLD NOW HELD IN ASSAY OFFICE

NEW YORK, N. Y., Mar. 29.—The biggest pile of gold ever stacked in one spot since the beginning of the world today lies in the United States assay office, New York, ready to pay any war bills Uncle Sam may incur in the near future.

This gold mountain, all in bars, is worth \$218,000,000, or nearly \$200,000,000 more than the world's total production of gold in 1915.

When a reporter called on Superintendent Vernon M. Bowles to ask him something about his job, Bowles was down in the vaults, busily sorting out another \$177,000,000 that was heaped up around in smaller lots.

Bowles has taken care of most of the gold, somewhere around \$1,000,000,000, that has flowed to the United States from Europe since the beginning of the war—the gold that has made New York the money center of the world.

"Last year," said Bowles, "we took in more than \$180,000,000 in English sovereigns and some \$70,000,000 of French 20-franc pieces. Twenty-five millions of the latter were the original golden eagles. Uncle Sam paid the French for their rights to the Panama canal, and the packages came back unopened."

"But if we were to trace back the origin of the greater part of this gold we would find that its equivalent in American dollars is probably going to be paid over for the purchase of munitions or food for war-stricken Europe."

"This office is the greatest public market on either hemisphere for the sale and purchase of crude bullion and fine gold."

"The gold is converted into American cash in this way. A man brings in some gold. We melt it down and then have it assayed. I then draw a check on the treasury of the United States, which the depositor takes next door to the subtreasury and has cashed into gold certificates or gold coin."

Recently J. P. Morgan & Co. brought us some gold and after it had been assayed I handed the firm's representative a check for \$70,000,000."

The assay office has its picturesque features, with its blazing furnaces and its wonderful scales that will weigh the dust of a lead pencil.

Today a number of fishermen were shoveling, with undignified grace, English sovereigns into Uncle Sam's furnaces. The copper from these English "quids" will be sent to the Philadelphia mint and made into American pennies!

FINE ACOUSTICS FOUND TO EXIST ON PUNCHBOWL

Friday afternoon Frank Scudder and George Andrus climbed up the maula trail of Punchbowl to find out how much work was needed to put the trail in good condition for the sunrise meeting to be held Easter morning. The trail was found to be in bad condition, and plans were made for clearing the shrubs and trees away. The trail is now being cleaned up and will be ready for use Sunday morning.

As there is likely to be a strong gale blowing over the crater it had been suggested by several persons interested in planning the coming meeting that it would be best to ask the people to gather on the maula slope of Punchbowl. The acoustics here were found to be remarkable, the hard lava rocks acting as a sounding board. The committee in charge did not anticipate that a speaker's voice could be heard to good advantage on the windy summit, and the majority were in favor of holding the meeting on the slope.

However, after examining the proposed place it seemed best to go to the top in spite of the anticipated difficulties of wind. Scudder and Andrus tested out the amphitheater at the summit and although the wind was strong they found the acoustics surprisingly good. Next Sunday's meeting will be held on the summit.

COUNTY OBTAINS GORE LOT, MOILILI, FOR PARK

After several years of attempts on the part of the residents of Kaimuki to obtain for the territorial or county government the Gore lot at the junction of King and Beretania for park purposes, Friday evening the board of supervisors were notified by R. O. Rivenburgh that W. H. Hoogs and J. J. Belser had decided the property to the city and county in exchange for other land.

Several years ago it was desired to the territory by the Bishop estate. By some mistake it was offered for sale and bid in by Hoogs and Belser and it was only last week that it came back into the hands of the government.

at the makai-waikiki corner on Merchant street. A soldier, Sgt. Benjamin of Company L, 33d Infantry, who was driving Bank's car, says he lost control of the steering gear and will pay all damages which were not large.

THREE CARS CRASH; LITTLE DAMAGE DONE

R. R. Banks' Studebaker car 665 drew quite a crowd to the corner of Merchant and Fort streets about 3 o'clock Monday afternoon when it crashed into a new Cadillac owned by F. Brown and a Ford car of Herman L. Tucker, both of which were crushed.